Schengen Routing: A Compliance Analysis

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Introduction, Background Problem, Approach Evaluation, Findings Tool, Outlook

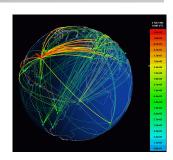




Introduction

http://lovetomorrowtoday.com/2009/08/20/internet-routing-algorithm-that-could-cut-energy-use-by-40/

- □ Technical status (for sure):
 - Internet is based on independently operated, but interconnected Autonomous Systems (AS)



- "Routing is the process of selecting best paths in a network."
 - Hierarchy of Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) and AS-internal routing protocols combines independent ASes
- Non-technical status (most likely):

http://endthelie.com/books-and-reading-material/how-the-nsa-warrantless-wiretap-system-works/

- Large amounts of Internet traffic are being wiretapped by intelligence agencies
- Tapping reasons manifold
 - Anti-terrorism investigations, (industrial) espionage, ...
- Recent "proof" of this due to interviews with E. Snowden



Countermeasures

- Multiple organizational, legal, technical possibilities
 - Decouple (threatened) ASes from the global Internet
 - Set-up of wiretapping laws of global scale
 - Besides country- and region-specific acts
 - Monitor and enforce potential misuse (as far as technically possible)
 - Provide and apply encryption technologies
 - Within ASes, between ASes, end-to-end (user)
 - Virtual Private Networks, Transport Layer Security, E2E Security ...
 - ... and limit and control Internet routing based on geography!
 - "Schengen Routing" was proposed as a potential countermeasure
- Schengen Routing refers to the practice of routing Internet traffic within the Schengen area





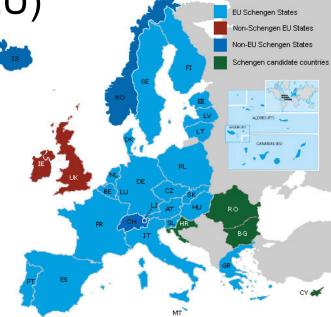
Schengen Agreement

□ "Schengen Agreement" created Europe's borderless

Schengen area (different than the EU)

Treaty signed June 14, 1985 in
 Luxembourgish town of Schengen by

- Belgium, France, Luxembourg,
 The Netherlands, and West Germany
- 1990 agreement supplemented by Schengen Convention
 - Abolition of internal border controls
 - Common visa policy
- □ Implemented from 1995 onwards
 - Today 26 European countries participate



http://www.danielbader.ch



Schengen Routing (1)

- Schengen Routing shall border European and national Internet traffic to the EC's jurisdiction, such that
 - third parties will not have access to that traffic and
 - in case of illegal access, EC laws and regulations will apply.
- □ Different voices (from mid to end 2014)
 - Security expert S. Gaycken (TU Berlin, Germany): "Schengen Routing will impede mass surveillance of citizens."
 http://www.golem.de/news/nsa-totruesten-experten-fordern-verschluesselung-und-schengen-routing-1406-107493.html
 - USA opposes the "Schengen cloud" Euro-centric routing plan.
 All routes should transit America, apparently.
 - "Territorial networks doubtful", C. Singer (Bundesministerium für Verkehr, Innovation und Technologie BMVIT, Germany).
 "But, Schengen Routing may be valid in some cases."

http://futurezone.at/netzpolitik/euro-cloud-und-schengen-routing-totaler-unsinn/85.135.102



Schengen Routing (2)

"Deutsche Telekom AG (DTAG) has called for statutory requirements that all data generated within the EU not be unnecessarily routed outside of the EU."

http://www.theregister.co.uk/2014/04/07/keeping_data_away_from_the_us_not_on_ustr/

 DTAG's network – in contrast to many others – is managed centrally; the heart is the International Network Management Center (INMC) in Frankfurt.



http://www.vdi-nachrichten.com/Technik-Wirtschaft/Ein-Schengen-Routing-faktisch-da, Foto: ap



Problem Statement and Approach

- To which extent does current Internet traffic in Europe already comply with the Schengen Routing idea?
- "Routing" called for "traceroute"-based measurements, as they allow for a tracking of paths packets travel
- □ The measurement approach consisted out of four steps:
 - 1. Test-bed/measurement infrastructure selection
 - 2. Selection of ASes within Schengen
 - 3. Measurement execution
 - 4. Results processing



1. Test-bed Selection

- Multiple test-beds as measurement infrastructures:
 - Planet-Lab: World-wide research machines/network: 690+ sites
 - EMANICSLab: European research machines/network: 11 sites
 - BISmark: World-wide measurement and applications infrastructure in broadband access networks: 80+ sites
 - RIPE Atlas: World-wide, volunteer low-cost probes (8300+)
- Infrastructure selection criteria
 - "traceroute-enabled" for retrieving IP addresses and paths
 - Large coverage of European ASes
 - Easy access from research perspective
 - Non-intrusive behavior of measurements required
 - Valuable outcomes and data in analyzable form <a> R
- → RIPE Atlas selected due to extensive AS coverage



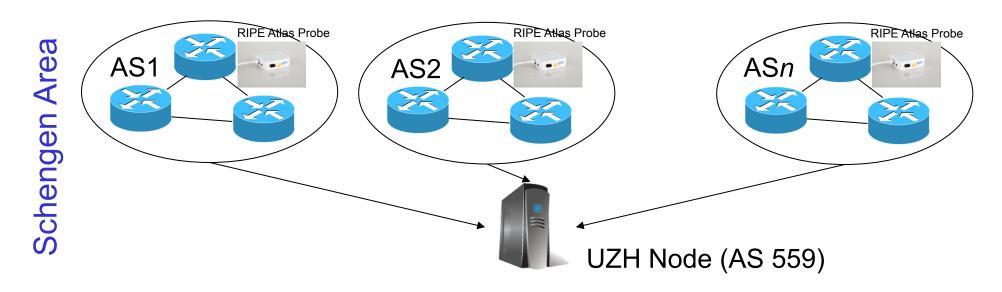
2. AS Selection

- ASes selected based on Maxmind's GeoLite database:
 - Maps IP address ranges to ASes and countries
- MAXMIND
 https://www.maxmind.com/
- First file content: <From IP> <To IP> <AS Number>
 - Example: 5 10 AS1
- Second file content: <From IP> <To IP> <Country Code>
 - Example 5 10 CH: Ranges 5 to 10 belong to AS1 within Switzerland (CH)
- Calculation of IP addresses per AS and country
 - AS and country ranges did not always match, since
 IP Ranges can be disjoint in the two files → sub-ranges
 - Example: 10 5 + 1 = 6: defining 6 IP addresses to be in CH
- → AS was selected, if at least one IP address in Schengen 9967 ASes were found to be located in Schengen



3. Measurement Execution

traceroute measurements were run from probes of ASes, located in Schengen and selected, toward a UZH node



- Active measurements used following protocols:
 - TCP, UDP, and ICMP (3 each)
 - Requests were submitted to all 9967 ASes found

Note: RIPE credits available only for limited number of measurements



4. Results Processing

- From 9967 ASes selected (in Schengen) and supplied with a measurement execution only 1306 (minus no probes)
 responded, as 8661 ASes are not covered by a RIPE probe.
- Measurements with failing results (error messages) were excluded.
- ASes may show IP addresses in several countries. As RIPE chooses a probe at its own discretion, outside Schengen IP addresses were excluded, too.
- → Only a smaller fraction of results useable for analysis

Original	Not Covered	No Probes				
		TCP	UDP	ICMP		
9967	8661	44	47	50		



Evaluation

- Results classified wrt Schengen routing compliance, i.e., all intermediate hops in a traceroute measurement can be determined as being "inside" or "outside" Schengen:
 - Geographic location of IP address determined by Maxmind
 - All IP addresses of a collected route inside Schengen
 - → Compliant
 - At least one IP address outside Schengen
 - → Non-compliant
 - If traceroute result contains unknown addresses
 - If all other IP addresses inside Schengen:
 - → Unknown
 - If at least one IP address outside Schengen:
 - → Non-compliant



Findings (1)

□ Routes: compliant



• Overall: TCP: 34.5%, UDP: 37.4%, ICMP: 39.7%

• Least compliant: Malta: TCP: 0%, UDP: 0%, ICMP: 0%

• Most compliant: Liechtenstein: TCP: 80%, UDP: 75%, ICMP: 80%

□ Routes: non-compliant

• Overall: TCP: 33.8%, UDP: 38.7%, ICMP: 42.3%

Least non-compliant: Liechtenstein: TCP: 0%, ICMP: 20%,

Switzerland: UDP: 19.4%

Most non-compliant: Estonia: TCP: 81.8%, UDP: 81.8%, ICMP: 84.8%

□ Routes: unknown

• TCP (least/most): Estonia: 18.2% Italy: 50%

• UDP: (least/most): Liechtenstein: 0% Italy: 42.4%

• ICMP: (least/most): Liechtenstein: 0% Italy: 41.1%

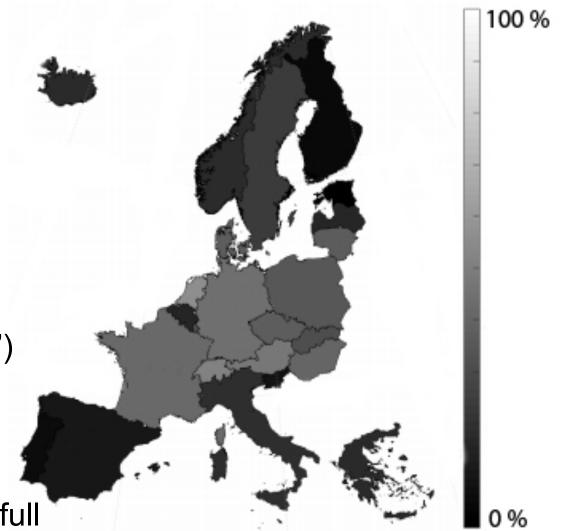
Findings (2)

	TCP						UDP						ICMF)				
R ISO	ASs	\mathbf{T}	C C (%)	NC :	NC (%)	U U (%)	ASs	\mathbf{T}	C C (%)	NC	NC (%)	U U (%)	ASs	\mathbf{T}	C C (%)	NC	NC (%)	U U (%)
1 LI	5	15	12~80.0%	0	0.0%	$3\ 20.0\%$	4	12	9 75.0%	3	25.0%	0 0.0%	5	15	12 80.0%	3	20.0%	0 0.0%
2 NL	88	264	$148\ 56.1\%$	51	19.3%	$65\ 24.6\%$	88	264	$165\ 62.5\%$	65	24.6%	$34\ 12.9\%$	88	264	$161\ 61.0\%$	68	25.8%	$35 \ 13.3\%$
3 CH	66	198	$102\ 51.5\%$	30	15.2%	66 33.3%	67	201	$126\ 62.7\%$	39	19.4%	$36\ 17.9\%$	66	198	$132\ 66.7\%$	44	22.2%	$22\ 11.1\%$
4 AT	56	168	$79\ 47.0\%$	42	25.0%	$47\ 28.0\%$	56	168	$77\ 45.8\%$	59	35.1%	$32\ 19.0\%$	56	168	89 53.0%	64	38.1%	15 8.9%
5 DE	192	576	$253\ 43.9\%$	187	32.5%	$136\ 23.6\%$	189	567	$266\ 46.9\%$	198	34.9%	$103\ 18.2\%$	188	564	$280\ 49.6\%$	210	37.2%	$74\ 13.1\%$
6 FR	115	345	$143\ 41.4\%$	91	26.4%	$111\ 32.2\%$	117	351	$155\ 44.2\%$	94	26.8%	$102\ 29.1\%$	114	342	$170\ 49.7\%$	111	32.5%	$61\ 17.8\%$
7 HU	20	60	$24\ 40.0\%$	23	38.3%	$13\ 21.7\%$	21	63	$28\ 44.4\%$	26	41.3%	$9\ 14.3\%$	20	60	$27\ 45.0\%$	27	45.0%	$6\ 10.0\%$
8 CZ	81	243	$90\ 37.0\%$	76	31.3%	$77 \ 31.7\%$	80	240	$91\ 37.9\%$	83	34.6%	$66\ 27.5\%$	81	243	$102\ 42.0\%$	94	38.7%	$47\ 19.3\%$
9 DK	38	114	$42\ 36.8\%$	30	26.3%	$42\ 36.8\%$	38	114	$53\ 46.5\%$	33	28.9%	$28\ 24.6\%$	38	114	$53\ 46.5\%$	36	31.6%	$25\ 21.9\%$
$10 \mathrm{LT}$	11	33	$12\ 36.4\%$	12	36.4%	$9\ 27.3\%$	11	33	$13\ 39.4\%$	11	33.3%	$9\ 27.3\%$	11	33	$13\ 39.4\%$	12	36.4%	$8\ 24.2\%$
$11~\mathrm{PL}$	78	234	$81\ 34.6\%$	96	41.0%	$57\ 24.4\%$	78	234	$73\ 31.2\%$	108	46.2%	$53\ 22.6\%$	78	234	$78 \ 33.3\%$	117	50.0%	$39\ 16.7\%$
$12~{ m LU}$	19	57	$18\ 31.6\%$	27	47.4%	$12\ 21.1\%$	19	57	$15\ 26.3\%$	30	52.6%	$12\ 21.1\%$	19	57	$17\ 29.8\%$	33	57.9%	$7\ 12.3\%$
13 SK	13	39	$12\ 30.8\%$	13	33.3%	$14\ 35.9\%$	13	39	$12\ 30.8\%$	16	41.0%	$11\ 28.2\%$	13	39	$12\ 30.8\%$	19	48.7%	$8\ 20.5\%$
14 SE	58	174	$41\ 23.6\%$	53	30.5%	$80\ 46.0\%$	58	174	$72\ 41.4\%$	63	36.2%	$39\ 22.4\%$	59	177	$69\ 39.0\%$	69	39.0%	$39\ 22.0\%$
$15~\mathrm{IT}$	70	210	$39\ 18.6\%$	66	31.4%	$105\ 50.0\%$	70	210	$43\ 20.5\%$	78	37.1%	$89\ 42.4\%$	69	207	$45\ 21.7\%$	77	37.2%	$85\ 41.1\%$
16 NO	41	123	$21\ 17.1\%$	51	41.5%	$51\ 41.5\%$	41	123	$17\ 13.8\%$	65	52.8%	$41\ 33.3\%$	40	120	$21\ 17.5\%$	62	51.7%	$37 \ 30.8\%$
$17~\mathrm{GR}$	24	72	$12\ 16.7\%$	44	61.1%	$16\ 22.2\%$	24	72	$12\ 16.7\%$	40	55.6%	$20\ 27.8\%$	24	72	$12\ 16.7\%$	46	63.9%	$14\ 19.4\%$
$_{\rm IS}$	6	18	$3\ 16.7\%$	7	38.9%	$8\ 44.4\%$	6	18	$3\ 16.7\%$	9	50.0%	$6\ 33.3\%$	6	18	$3\ 16.7\%$	9	50.0%	$6\ 33.3\%$
19 LV	13	39	6~15.4%	24	61.5%	$9\ 23.1\%$	13	39	3 - 7.7%	29	74.4%	$7\ 17.9\%$	13	39	3 - 7.7%	33	84.6%	3 - 7.7%
$20~\mathrm{BE}$	27	81	$12\ 14.8\%$	40	49.4%	$29\ 35.8\%$	27	81	$9\ 11.1\%$	52	64.2%	$20\ 24.7\%$	26	78	$14\ 17.9\%$	58	74.4%	6 - 7.7%
21 ES	43	129	12 9.3%	56	43.4%	$61\ 47.3\%$	43	129	$14\ 10.9\%$	73	56.6%	$42\ 32.6\%$	42	126	$16\ 12.7\%$	83	65.9%	$27\ 21.4\%$
22 SI	16	48	4 8.3%	28	58.3%	$16\ 33.3\%$	15	45	$6\ 13.3\%$	35	77.8%	4 8.9%	16	48	$6\ 12.5\%$	39	81.3%	3 - 6.3%
23 PT	13	39	2 5.1%	26	66.7%	$11\ 28.2\%$	13	39	3 - 7.7%	28	71.8%	$8\ 20.5\%$	13	39	3 - 7.7%	31	79.5%	$5\ 12.8\%$
$24 \; \mathrm{FI}$	25	75	3 - 4.0%	42	56.0%	$30\ 40.0\%$	26	78	3 - 3.8%	45	57.7%	$30\ 38.5\%$	26	78	$3 \ 3.8\%$	51	65.4%	$24\ 30.8\%$
$25 \mathrm{EE}$	11	33	0 - 0.0%	27	81.8%	$6\ 18.2\%$	11	33	0 - 0.0%	27	81.8%	$6\ 18.2\%$	11	33	0 - 0.0%	28	84.8%	$5\ 15.2\%$
MT	3	9	0 0.0%	6	66.7%	3 33.3%	3	9	0 0.0%	5	55.6%	$4\ 44.4\%$	3	9	0 0.0%	5	55.6%	4 44.4%
Total	1132	3396	1171 34.5%	1148	33.8%	1077 31.7%	1131	3393	1268 37.4%	1314	38.7%	811 23.9%	1125	3375	1341 39.7%	1429	42.3%	605 17.9%

Findings (3)

Overall
 compliance level
 in percent per
 country

- Dark grey:lower compliance (♠)
- Light grey:higher compliance ("✓")
- Significant variances among countries
 - No country complies in full



Related Work Comparison

- Pohlman et al. ran a passive approach (BGP tables)
 - Maxmind data
 base used, too
 - Different "compliance":
 Majority of assigned
 IP address range
 is located in Schengen
- Active measurements values here exceed results

Country Code Country		Pohlmann et al.	chkroute
BE	Belgium	35.38%	49.4%
LI	Liechtenstein	29.41%	0.0%
CH	Switzerland	23.48%	15.2%
ES	Spain	21.27%	43.4%
LU	Luxembourg	21.15%	43.4% 47.4% 26.4%
FR	France	19.13%	26.4%
MT	Malta	17.86%	66.7%
FI	Finland	16.58%	56.0%
CZ	CzechRepublic	16.31%	56.0% 31.3% 30.5% 19.3%
SE	Sweden	14.92%	30.5%
NL	Netherlands	13.07%	19.3%
DE	Germany	19 96%	29 50%
NO	Norway	10.31%	41.5% 61.1% 81.8% 33.3% 36.4% 31.4% 25.0% 26.3% 41.0% 66.7% 61.5%
GR	Greece	8.67%	61.1%
$_{ m EE}$	Estonia	6.78%	81.8%
SK	Slovakia	6.25%	33.3%
LT	Lithuania	5.50%	36.4%
IT	Italy	3.70%	31.4%
AT	Austria	3.23%	25.0%
DK	Denmark	1.75%	26.3%
$_{\mathrm{PL}}$	Poland	1.43%	41.0%
PT	Portugal	1.39%	66.7%
LV	Latvia	1.34%	01.070
SI	Slovenia	1.15%	58.3%
HU	Hungary	0.49%	38.3%
IS	Iceland	0.00%	38.9%

View Expressed a Year Ago (April 4, 2014)

"Data with European-internal sender and receiver address will be exchanged within local networks across a close-by IXP. 98.2% of this traffic remain already in Europe", Klaus Landefeld, representative of the CEO of the Association of the German Internet Economy Eco. "Schengen Routing will improve this situation by about 2% only."

http://www.vdi-nachrichten.com/Technik-Wirtschaft/Ein-Schengen-Routing-faktisch-da

Contradiction with those results just presented?

The Tool "chkroute"

- Besides numerical results in general, users may be interested to check a compliance of a certain route
 - The tool "chkroute" checks that

http://www.csg.uzh.ch/publications/software/chkroute.html

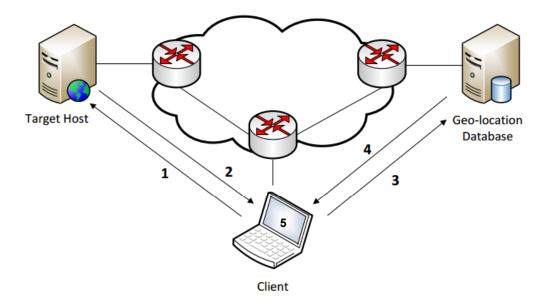
- Developed as a shell utility
 - Available for Linux, Mac OS daniel@daniel
- □ Tool output
 - Traffic remains withinSchengen area until hop 7
 - Traffic leaves Schengen
 area for hops 8 to 11
 - Traffic returns to Schengen area at hop 12

da Ho	aniel@daniel-csg:~/c op Host		./chkroute.sh www. Compliant	unibw.de AS No
1	130.60.156.1	СН	Υ	559
2	10.1.2.157	Local	Υ	Unknown
3	10.1.0.78	Local	Υ	Unknown
4	10.1.0.58	Local	Υ	Unknown
5	192.41.136.65	CH	Υ	559
6	192.41.136.1	CH	Υ	559
7	130.59.36.1	CH	Υ	559
8	62.40.124.81	GB	N	20965
9	62.40.98.76	GB	N	20965
10	62.40.98.81	GB	N	20965
13	1 62.40.112.146	GB	N	20965
12	188.1.144.186	DE	Υ	680
13	*	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
14	188.1.231.254	DE	Υ	680
15	137.193.9.169	DE	Υ	680
16	137.193.6.24	DE	Υ	680

chkroute Architecture

□ Route compliance is established as follows:

- 1. Client runs "traceroute" against a target host (DNS name)
- 2. Client collects responses from hops along the path
- 3. Client submits hops to the geo-location data base
- 4. Geo-location data base analyzes hops and sends country and compliance information back to the client
- 5. Client prints the result



Discussion and Outlook

Although

- inaccuracies of Maxmind data base (though large) and
- non-representative locations for RIPE Atlas probes exist,
 protocol-specific results collected!
- For those active measurements it was found that
 - S. Routing compliance is not achieved in any S. country
 - S. Routing compliance levels vary widely among S. countries
- Future steps
 - Analyze reverse path of routes and changes over time
 - Analyze results for target nodes located in other S. countries
 - Analyze exit and entry points from/into Schengen area
 - Analyze ASes rather than countries



Acknowledgements



http://www.csg.uzh.ch

Especially Thomas Bocek



